



# User guide

Since firmware and functions can be updated/upgraded, the last version of this guide can be read and downloaded from www.lillasampler.it.

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# 1. Overview

LILLA is polyphonic, multitimbral, and multi-midi audio sampler.

LILLA plays either imported audio files, or recorded audio, or live audio stream (when used as *Live Sampler*) applying various playing mode, adding ADSR envelope, changing length and pitch, and using digital effects.

## 1.1. Connections

- USB-B **POWER** input: power supply, firmware update
- 3.5mm jack MIDI IN
- 3.5mm jack MIDI THRU
- 3.5mm jack **LINE IN:** dynamic microphones/line 2 channels input with analog gain (level) control
- 3.5mm jack LINE OUT: 3.3Vpp 2 channels audio output
- 3.5mm jack **MONITOR** (output): 3.3Vpp 2 channels audio output (only for Sounds check)
- MICRO SD socket



MIDI DIN to 3.5mm jack adapter schematics

## 1.2. Modes

#### Performance

Performance mode allows to play using Patches. A Patch is a group formed by 1 to 8 Sounds; each Sound is associated to an audio file, a MIDI channel, and includes all parameters that characterize the timbre.

#### Sampler

Sampler mode allows to record, save and export the incoming audio.

#### **Live Sampler**

LILLA can directly play the incoming audio stream, using a temporary/volatile memory as a virtual tape loop.

#### Midi Loop

A 6-tracks midi-loop allows to record a sequence of notes using the current Session.

## 1.3. Line out and Monitor

The **LINE OUT** is the audio output.

The **MONITOR** output is intended as a help for Performance mode while playing; its purpose is checking a Sound before adding it to the Patch.

# 1.4. Audio files

LILLA supports CD audio quality (16bit/44.1Ksps) and uses .raw (headerless) mono audio files, that can be imported from micro SD card; imported audio files must have this format:  $<0 \rightarrow 255>.raw$  (0.raw, 1.raw, ...., 255.raw)

Local recordings can also be exported to micro SD card with .raw format.

# 1.5. Micro SD card

Lilla uses a micro SD card FAT 32 formatted as a file source/repository (due to the relatively high latency of the access, there is no real time audio operation involving the micro SD card). From **SD root**:

/LILLARAW is the folder containing .raw audio files to be imported in LILLA;

/LILLARAW\_EXPORT is the folder containing .raw audio files exported from LILLA;

/LILLASET is the folder containing configuration files.

# 1.6. Memory areas

LILLA stores digital audio in 3 memory areas: microcontroller RAM, 16MB PSRAM (volatile), and 64MB Flash memory (permanent):

.raw files (imported files, .raw-converted recordings) are stored in the Flash memory;

.rec files (Sampler recordings) are stored in the Flash memory;

live audio (Live Sampler stream) is temporary saved in PSRAM;

short audio snippets (used in Performance mode) are copied to and played from RAM.

# 1.7. Polyphony

The number of available voices depends both on the type of memory involved, which varies based on the operating mode, and on the maximum pitch value required:

- playing from RAM and PSRAM, all 16 voices are available for any pitch value; this is the case of short audio fragment in a Performance, and Live Sampler mode.
- playing from Flash memory, Performance mode with not very short audio samples, LILLA offers 4
  optimization levels:

16 voices – max pitch 1.65 12 voices – max pitch 3.0 8 voices – max pitch 4.0

4 voices – max pitch 10.0

# 1.8. Voices assignment

When a NoteOn command is received and directed to one or more Sounds, the process of voice assignment begins. This process considers various factors, such as the maximum allowed polyphony, the memory area in use, the state of all voices, the age of a currently playing Sound, and the Precedence attribute of the Sounds. As a result, a Sound might be played without affecting others, replace an active Sound, or not be played at all if all active Sounds are *Protected*.

# 1.9. Tuning tone

Click on **TUNING TONE** knob to toggle a Sine wave Tuning Tone, activated by NoteOn commands (across all MIDI channels). Use the same knob to adjust its volume.

# 1.10. Display conventions

On the display, adjustable values (using knobs or pushbuttons) are shown in YELLOW; fixed or non-adjustable values are displayed in WHITE; dimensions are indicated in ORANGE. 'S' stands for *samples*.

Use the **SELECT** knob to choose items when a red or white frame is present, and press **OK** to confirm your selection

# 1.11. Hardware

- Microcontroller: Teensy 4.1
- Audio A/D D/A interface: Teensy Audio Board 4.0 (16bit/44.1Ksps)
- Audio files memory: 64MB

# 1.12. Power Supply

5V DC 100mA

# 1.13. Dimensions

415 x 135 x 62 mm (LxPxH)

# 1.14. Contacts

LILLA Audio Sampler is designed and assembled in Italy.

Website: www.lillasampler.it

Facebook: www.facebook.com/Lilla.audio.sampler

Email: info@lillasampler.it



# 3. Getting started

Connect LILLA to the power supply, your audio equipment and MIDI source:

- 1) connect **POWER** (USB type C plug) to your 5Vcc power supply unit ;
- 2) connect stereo LINE OUT output to your audio mixer/amplifier input;
- 3) connect **MIDI IN** serial input to your MIDI source (a DIN to minijack adapter is included).

## 3.1. Getting started with Performance mode

At power-on, LILLA starts in Performance mode.

The Performance page displays the first available Patch along with its Sounds and their keyboard mapping (Root Key, From Key, To Key).

PERFORMANCE PATCH 0 CLONE DROP RESOLUTION 16.0bit LPF CUTOFF 20kHz						DOWNS	L AMPLING	OLUME	1.45 100kHz
SOL	IND	P	LOCK	MIDI	ROOT-K	FROM-K	то-к	PAN	GAIN
. 1		x		1	C3	c-2	G8	0	0.60
. 2	2			2	C3	c-2	G8	0	0.00
	3			2	C3	c-2	A#3	0	0.00
11 4				2	C3	B3	G8	Ø	0.00

Performance page

To enter Performance mode, press  $\hat{1}$  + **PERFORMANCE** buttons together.

Send NoteOn/NoteOff commands on MIDI channel associated to Sounds, and use **VOLUME** knob to adjust the volume.

Try **RESOLUTION**, **DOWNSAMPLING** and **LPF CUTOFF** knobs to introduce some distortion and filtering; click on the same knobs to reset the effect.

## 3.1.1. Sound editing - VCF

Press once **SOUND1** button; the display shows the Sound modeling page with Sound 1 characteristics:

PERFORMANCE PATCH RETURN CLONE DELE	IØ SOUND 1 TE	FIL	E O.raw
RESOLUTION 16.0bi	t	DOWNSAMPLIN	<b>IG</b> 44.100kHz
MIDI CHANNEL 1 ATT SLOW 0.00sec PLAY MODE once FWD	PITCH 1.000 DEC 2.00sec	GAIN 1.35 SUS 100% NOCLICK ØS	PAN 0 REL 2.0sec
FROM ØS	TOT 907.	05ms	<b>TO 40000</b> S
TRIM STEP TOT/16	M	AX PITCH/VOI	CES 10.00/4

Sound modeling page

Use **GAIN** knob to adjust the Sound 1 level, **PITCH** knob to adjust the fine-pitch, **PAN** knob to change the stereo pan.

Use **FROM SAMPLE** and **TO SAMPLE** knobs for adjust the file segment played; use **TRIM STEP** knob to adjust the step length.

The **PLAY MODE** knob allows you to select the playback mode, including forward, backward, loop forward, loop backward, and mixed loop forward/backward. For the loop forward and loop backward modes, you can use the **NO CLICK** knob to create and fine-adjust a *cross-mix* of the first and last samples of the snippet.

FILE knob is used to change the audio file.

Press a second time **SOUND1** button, or turn one of the encoders with VCF label; the display shows the VCF page associated to the Sound 1:



VCF page

Click on **ON/OFF** to include/exclude VCF, use **FILTER TYPE** knob to change type of filter, and **CUTOFF FREQ** to adjust the filter cutoff frequency. Use **MODULATION** knob to change the modulation source for the VCF cutoff frequency.

# 3.2. Getting started with Delay effect

LILLA has a stereo modulated Delay module; press together 1 + DELAY buttons together, the display shows the **Delay page**:



Delay page

By pressing **Sound 1-8** buttons the corresponding Sound is routed/not-routed to the Delay.

Use **FEEDBACK** knob to adjust the Delay feedback, **VALUE** knob to adjust the delay time, **VALUE L/R** to introduce a differential (left/right channels) delay. Use **MOD SOURCE** knob to change the modulation source for Delay value.

# 3.3. Getting started with Sampler mode

LILLA can record, save and export analog audio from AUDIO IN stereo input.

Connect your audio source (line level/mic level) using a 3.5mm stereo jack, then press  $\hat{1}$  + **SAMPLER** buttons together; the display shows the **Sampler page**:



Sampler page

Use the **level** knob (LINE IN area) to adjust the signal level; in this phase incoming audio is just metered. If no recording is present, the 0.raw file is used just to test the MIDI source.

When you are ready to record, click **OK** and listen the incoming audio for a final check; again, click **OK** to choose MONO-REC: LILLA starts recording audio.

After some seconds, click **OK** to stop the recording: the display shows the MONO\_FILE name (.rec extension) and duration.

Send NoteOn/NoteOff commands on MIDI channel 1 to hear the recording.

Recordings are saved as .rec files, and can be included in a Patch (in Performance mode).

# 3.4. Getting started with Live Sampler mode

LILLA can play the live stream from AUDIO IN stereo input using its volatile memory area as a virtual tape loop. Connect your stereo audio source (line level/mic level) using a 3.5mm stereo jack, then press  $\hat{1} + \text{LIVE}$ SAMPLER buttons together; the display shows the **Live Sampler page**:

LIVE SAMPLER REC MONO/STEREO	LENGTH 190.2sec
• VOLUME 1.45 PLAY MODE FWD START POINT FIXED 0.00sec STEP 131060samples	FEEDBACK 0.00%
· REC MONO	
WINDOW 190.2sec	

Live Sampler Page

The vertical green line is the **Play point** (starting point) when a NoteOn is received on <u>MIDI channel 1</u>; the Play point is always kept in the center of the screen.

When you are ready, press **OK**; audio stream is shown on the display; the waveform is written from left to right; fresh samples are yellow, older samples fade to red:



Live sampler page: locked to the virtual tape

Use the **level** knob (LINE IN area) to adjust the signal level.

Send NoteOn/NoteOff commands on <u>MIDI channel 1</u> and you will hear the recorded audio from the Play point. The page displays:

#### START POINT FIXED 0.00sec

It means that LILLA starts playing from the first (0.00sec) samples stored; use **START POINT** knob to adjust the Play point position.

If you click on **LOCK**, the Play point will follow the Record point; in this situation the recorded waveform slowly shifts on the left, and the last sample recorded is in the Play point:



Live sampler page: locked to the Record point

#### The page displays:

#### START POINT DELAY 0.00sec

It means that the Play point and the Recording point are on the same sample; use **START POINT** knob to adjust this delay. Note that if delay is close to 0.00 sec, you cannot play NoteOn > 60 (pitch > 1.0).

Use **FEEDBACK** to adjust the feedback percentage to the Live sampler; try playing also sending MIDI PitchBend commands for creating a complex echo/pitch shift effect.

# 3.5. Getting started with Midi Loop

Start the 6 tracks **Midi loop** by pressing  $\hat{1} + \frac{\text{MIDI LOOP}}{\text{MIDI LOOP}}$  buttons together.

MIDI LOOP	PATCH	0	VOLUME 1.45
RESOLUTION	16.0bi <sup>.</sup> 20kHz	t	DOWNSAMPLING 44.100kHz
METRO TRACK SLIDE TRANSP LEVEL SOUND 1 2 3 4 5 5 6	1 0.00s 0st 1.0	10.82s 2 0.00s 0st 1.0	
8			

Midi Loop page

The page is initially void; press once **RECORD/DONE** button on the track 1 (**TRACK 1** vertical line) and recording starts: play some notes (LILLA uses Sounds from the current Session number); press again **RECORD/DONE**; loop is closed on the first note played.

Now move to track 2: press **RECORD/DONE** button on vertical line **TRACK 2**; play some notes and terminate the sequence by pressing **RECORD/DONE**; notice that this second track is locked to the first.

You can shift by semitones each track's notes using **TRANSP** knob, and time-shift each track from the initial time position using **SLIDE** knob, stop/restart each track using **START/STOP** button; use **TEMPO** knob to change the time-length of the loop.

Access to **Performance mode** by pressing  $\hat{1}$  + **PERFORMANCE** buttons together. First page displayed is Performance Page.

## 4.1. Performance page

P	F CU	TOF	F 20k	Hz		DOWNS			iookn2
30	DUND	P	LOCK	MIDI	ROOT-K	FROM-K	то-к	PAN	GAIN
	1	×		1	C3	C-2	G8	0	0.60
11	2			2	C3	C-2	G8	0	0.00
	3			2	C3	C-2	A#3	0	0.00
	4			2	C3	B3	G8	0	0.00

Performance page

Performance mode allows to play **Patches**, which are groups formed by **1 to 8 Sounds**. Each Sound contains an audio file name and all parameters that characterize the timbre and specify the keyboard range and midi channel assignment.



LILLA can save 25 Patches and 90 Sounds.

These are *Performance page* active knobs and pushbuttons:

Knob		Pushbutton		
<b>RESOLUTION</b> adjust Resolution		ON/OFF	toggle between 16bit and a lower value	
DOWNSAMPLING	adjust Downsampling	ON/OFF	toggle between 44.1Ksps and a lower value	

Knob		Pushbutton	
LPF CUTOFF	adjust the cutoff frequency of lowpass filter (at the end of the audio path)	FLAT	exclude the LPF
TUNING TONE LEVEL	Adjust the tuning tone volume	ON/OFF	switch tuning tone on/off
VOLUME	adjust the LINE OUT volume	PANIC	Stop playing and reset Delay
PATCH	select a Patch number		
SELECT	select a menu item or a Sound	ОК	

Pushbutton	
SOUND 1-8	Switch to Sound modeling page (if Sound is included in the Patch)

**SELECT** knob allows to choose any Sound included in the Patch; a red frame will surround the selected Sound. In this state, more knobs and pushbuttons will be active:

Knob		Pushbutton	
FILE/MIDI CH	select the midi channel the Sound responds to		
ROOT KEY	select the root key		
FROM KEY	select the first note the Sound responds to	LOCK	Sound will not be altered by midi PitchBend, Resolution and Downsampling
ΤΟ ΚΕΥ	select the last note the Sound responds to	PRECEDENCE	Sound will not be interrupted by other Sounds
PAN	adjust the stereo Pan	CENTER	set stereo pan to center
GAIN	adjust the Gain		

On top, the *Performance page* displays these elements:

Display item	Knob/Pushbutton
<b>PATCH</b> : the Patch number $(0 \rightarrow 24)$	РАТСН
VOLUME: the main volume	VOLUME
Menu items: CLONE, DROP, SAVE, SAVE-AS-NEW	SELECT + click OK

Notice that a new Patch can be created only by cloning, and later modifying, an existing Patch (that's why it is not possible to drop all Sessions).

Next lines show three general effects:

Display item	Knob/Pushbutton
<b>RESOLUTION</b> : reduces the resolution value below 16 bit	RESOLUTION
DOWNSAMPLING: reduces the sample rate below 44.1Ksps	DOWNSAMPLING
LPF CUTOFF: general low-pass filter 24dB/oct, cutoff frequency	LPF CUTOFF

Below, the display shows the Sounds included in the Patch; chose one of them using **SELECT** knob, then adjust the parameters:

Display item	Knob/Pushbutton
<b>P</b> (Precedence): if selected, the Sound has precedence over other Sounds for the use of the voices	click PRECEDENCE
<b>L</b> (Lock): if selected the Sound is not affected by Resolution, Downsampling and PitchBend effects	click LOCK
MIDI (MIDI channel): the MIDI channel to use the Sound	FILE/MIDI CH
<b>ROOT K</b> (Root key): the note corresponding to pitch = 1.0	ROOT KEY

Display item	Knob/Pushbutton
FROM-K (From key): the first note the Sound responds to	FROM KEY
TO-K (To key): the last note the Sound responds to	ΤΟ ΚΕΥ
PAN: the stereo pan	PAN
GAIN: the relative volume of the Sound	GAIN

# 4.2. Sound modeling page

In Performance mode, *Sound modeling* page is shown by pushing once one of Sound 1-8 pushbuttons:

PERFORMANCE PATCH	Ø SOUND 1 TE	FIL	E Ø.raw
RESOLUTION 16.0bi LPF CUTOFF 20kHz	t	DOWNSAMPLIN	<b>G 44.100</b> kHz
MIDI CHANNEL 1	PITCH 1.000	GAIN 1.35	PAN Ø
ATT SLOW 0.00sec	DEC 2.00sec	SUS 100%	REL 2.0sec
PLAY MODE once FWD		NOCLICK ØS	
			in air
FROM ØS	TOT 907.	05ms	<b>TO 40000</b> S
TRIM STEP TOT/16	MAX PITCH/VOICES 10.00/4		

Sound modeling page

These are *Sound modeling page* active knobs and pushbuttons:

Knob		Pushbutton	
RESOLUTION	adjust Resolution	ON/OFF	toggle between 16bit and a lower value
DOWNSAMPLING	adjust Downsampling	ON/OFF	toggle between 44.1Ksps and a lower value
LPF CUTOFF	adjust the cutoff frequency of Lowpass filter (at the end of the audio path)	FLAT	exclude the LPF
TUNING TONE LEVEL	adjust the Tuning tone volume	ON/OFF	switch tuning tone on/off
VOLUME	adjust the LINE OUT volume	PANIC	Stop playing and reset Delay
SELECT	select a Menu item	ОК	confirm
PLAY MODE	select the Play Mode		
FILE/MIDI CH	select the audio file select midi channel the Sound responds to	toggle	toggle
PAN	adjust the stereo Pan	CENTER	set stereo Pan to center
GAIN	adjust the Gain		
NOCLICK	adjust the cross-fade window size		
FROM SAMPLE	select the first sample played		
TO SAMPLE/SLICE	select the last sample played	toggle	toggle
TRIM STEP	adjust the step of trimming	DEFAULT	reset step of trimming
PITCH	adjust fine Pitch	flat	reset pitch

Knob		Pushbutton	
ATTACK	adjust Attack time	SLOW/FAST	Select Attack profile
DECAY	adjust Decay time		
SUSTAIN	adjust Sustain time		
RELEASE	adjust Release time	SOLO	mute/unmute all other
			Sounds

Pushing on the same pushbutton of the current Sound N will show the VCF page:

Pushbutton	
SOUND N	Switch to VCF page

SOUND other than N Switc	h to <i>Sound modeling page</i> (if Sound is included in the Patch)

Note: touching white on green commands will automatically switch to VCF page.

On top, the page displays these elements:

Display	Knob/Button
<b>PATCH</b> : the Patch number $(0 \rightarrow 24)$	
<b>SOUND</b> : the Sound number $(1 \rightarrow 8)$	
FILE: the file name associated to the Sound	<b>FILE/MIDI</b> + <b>toggle</b> (to activate FILE function)
Menu items: RETURN, CLONE, DROP	SELECT + click OK

Following 3 lines show general effects (as described in §4.1).

Next 3 lines below show these elements:

Display	Knob/Button
MIDI CHANNEL: the MIDI channel to use the Sound	<b>FILE/MIDI</b> + <b>toggle</b> (to activate MIDI channel function)
PITCH: fine-tuning of the Sound	PITCH
GAIN: the relative volume of the Sound	GAIN
PAN: the stereo pan	PAN
ATTACK: attack time; attack curve can be FAST or SLOW	ATTACK + click on SLOW/FAST
DECAY: decay time	DECAY
SUSTAIN: sustain level	SUSTAIN
RELEASE: release time	RELEASE
<b>PLAY MODE</b> : once FWD (forward), once REV (reverse) loop FWD, loop FWD/REV, loop REV/FWD, loop REV	PLAY MODE
<b>NOCLICK</b> : operates a cross fading which cancel any "click", in case of loop forward and loop reverse modes	NOCLICK

The page also shows the waveform played; parameters are:

Display	Knob/Button
FROM (sample): first sample played	FROM SAMPLE
TOT (total): the total number of samples played	
TO (sample): last sample played	TO SAMPLE

The bottom of the page shows:

<b>TRIM STEP</b> : samples for each step of FROM SAMPLE and TO SAMPLE knobs	<b>TRIM STEP</b> ; click <b>DEFAULT</b> to set the default value (TOT/16)
<b>MAX PITCH/VOICES</b> : maximum number of voices/maximum pitch value; this value can be influenced by Optimization option in Setup (read Cap.0)	

# 4.3. VCF page

From Sound modeling page, push again on the same Sound button to access the VCF page:

PERFORMANCE PATCH Ø RETURN	• SOUND 1	GAIN 1.35
RESOLUTION 16.0bit LPF CUTOFF 20kHz	DOW	NSAMPLING 44.100kHz
VCF + LFO		
FILTER TYPE BANDPASS	MOD	ULATION LFO
CUTOFF (PITCH 1.0) 21	.1Hz MOD	FREQ/TIME 1.25Hz
RESONANCE 2.20	MOD	DEPTH 15%

VCF page

These are *VCF page* active knobs and pushbuttons:

Knob		Pushbutton	
RESOLUTION	adjust Resolution	ON/OFF	toggle between 16bit and a lower value
DOWNSAMPLING	adjust Downsampling	ON/OFF	toggle between 44.1Ksps and a lower value
LPF CUTOFF	adjust the cutoff frequency of Lowpass filter (at the end of the audio path)	FLAT	exclude the LPF
TUNING TONE LEVEL	adjust the Tuning tone volume	ON/OFF	switch tuning tone on/off
VOLUME	adjust the LINE OUT volume	PANIC	Stop playing and reset Delay
SELECT	select a Menu item	ОК	confirm
FILTER TYPE	select the filter type	ON/OFF	include/exclude the VCF
MODULATION	select modulation type for filter cutoff frequency	NONE	no filter cutoff frequency modulation
CUTOFF FREQ	adjust filter cutoff frequency		
MOD F/T	select modulation frequency/time		
RESONANCE	adjust filter resonance		
MOD DEPTH	adjust modulation depth		

**Note**: touching many of the *Sound modeling page* commands will automatically switch to **Sound modeling page**.

The upper half of the page displays the same elements of the Sound modeling page (**PATCH**, **SOUND**, **GAIN**, **RESOLUTION**, **DOWNSAMPLING**, **LPF CUTOFF**) described in §4.2.

These are *Sound modeling page* active knobs and pushbuttons:

Knob		Pushbutton	
RESOLUTION	adjust Resolution	ON/OFF	toggle between 16bit and a lower value

Knob		Pushbutton	
DOWNSAMPLING	adjust Downsampling	ON/OFF	toggle between 44.1Ksps and a lower value
LPF CUTOFF	adjust the cutoff frequency of Lowpass filter (at the end of the audio path)	FLAT	exclude the LPF
TUNING TONE LEVEL	adjust the Tuning tone volume	ON/OFF	switch tuning tone on/off
VOLUME	adjust the LINE OUT volume	PANIC	Stop playing and reset Delay
SELECT	select a Menu item	ОК	confirm
PLAY MODE	select the Play Mode		
FILE/MIDI CH	select the audio file select midi channel the Sound responds to	toggle	toggle
PAN	adjust the stereo Pan	CENTER	set stereo Pan to center
GAIN	adjust the Gain		
NOCLICK	adjust the cross-fade window size		
FROM SAMPLE	select the first sample played		
TO SAMPLE/SLICE	select the last sample played	toggle	toggle
TRIM STEP	adjust the step of trimming	DEFAULT	reset step of trimming
PITCH	adjust fine Pitch	flat	reset pitch

The lower part of the page displays the parameters of the VCF associated to the Sound:

Display	Knob/Button
<b>FILTER TYPE</b> : can be NONE (BYPASS), LOWPASS, HIGHPASS, BANDPASS, NOTCH.	FILTER TYPE; click on ON/OFF to bypass the VCF stage
<b>MODULATION</b> (modulation of the cutoff frequency): NONE, RISING, FALLING, LFO, LFO + CC7	MODULATION; click on NONE to cancel modulation
<b>CUTOFF (PITCH = 1.0)</b> : cutoff/central frequency of the filter	CUTOFF FREQ
<b>MOD FREQ/TIME</b> : shows time when modulation source is RISING or FALLING curves; shows a frequency in case of LFO or LFO+CC7	MOD F/T
<b>RESONANCE</b> : the filter resonance	RESONANCE
MOD DEPTH: the modulation depth	MOD DEPTH

For a detailed description of the VCF read 12.4.

# 5. Sampler mode

Access to the **Sampler** by pressing  $\hat{U}$  + **SAMPLER** buttons together.

SAMPLER	VOLUME 1.45
CANCEL RECORDING PAUSE+REC MAKE-RAW	EXPORT-RAW-TO-SD
AUDIO MEMORY 64MB (761.74sec)	
- FREE FOR RECORDINGS 104.8sec	
- FREE FOR RAW FILES 174.05sec	
RECORDING 0	
MONO_FILE 0.rec	
LENGTH 4.4sec	
	R
LINE-IN 🔶 1.	.00 + RECORD
Gf	IN LINE-OUT
	LINE OUT

Sampler page

In Sampler mode, LILLA acts as a digital recorder/player of analog audio from AUDIO IN stereo input.

Recordings can be saved as **.rec files**, stored in a dedicated portion of the Flash memory (permanent memory). .REC files can be converted into **.raw files** (stored in the Flash memory) that can also be exported to micro-SD card.

Recordings can be played from MIDI IN; midi channel 1 only is accepted.

These a	are S <i>ami</i>	nler mode	active	knobs	and	nushbuttons.
THESE G	are <i>Samp</i>		active	KHUDS	anu	pushbullons.

Knob		Pushbutton	
RECORDING	Select a Recording		
VOLUME	adjust the LINE OUT volume	PANIC	Stop playing and reset Delay
SELECT	select a Menu item	ОК	confirm
LINE IN level	Adjust the sampler LINE IN level		

The page displays some information related to the audio memory:

Display	Comments
AUDIO MEMORY 64MB	Total available permanent audio memory for recordings (fixed value)
FREE FOR RECORDING	Memory space free for .REC files (recordings)
FREE FOR RAW FILES	Memory space free for making new .RAW files

Memory space for **.rec** and **.raw** files is defined when .raw files are imported from SD card; for a detailed description read §10.2.

# 5.1. Idle state

At first access, the Sampler is idle. If an audio source is connected to AUDIO-IN, the bar-graph displays the audio level. Incoming audio is NOT routed to both LINE OUT and MONITOR.

• if there are no Recordings, the menu shows one only option:

Display	Knob/Button
PAUSE + REC	Click <b>OK</b> to start recording

And below:

Display	Knob/Button
RECORDING NONE	
TEST_FILE 0.RAW: test file is always 0.raw	
VOLUME	VOLUME

• if a Recording is present, the menu shows:

Display	Knob/Button
DELETE-RECORDING, PAUSE+REC, MAKE-RAW (produces .raw files and	
delete the recording), EXPORT-TO-SD (save files .raw in /LILLARAW_EXPORT	SELECT + click OK
folder)	

And below:

Display	Knob/Button
RECORDING	RECORDING
MONO_FILE or STEREO_FILE: shows the file name	
LENGTH: file length	
VOLUME	VOLUME

Incoming audio level can be reduced using **level** knob (analog command); input GAIN level can be adjusted using **LINE IN GAIN** knob (digital command).

# 5.2. Pause + Rec state

The Sampler is ready for recording. Incoming audio is routed to both LINE OUT and MONITOR (if not, check the Mixer setting). Incoming MIDI is NOT accepted.

The menu shows these options:

Display	Knob/Button
MONO-REC, STEREO-REC, STOP	SELECT + click OK

Incoming audio level can be reduced using **level** knob (analog command); input GAIN level can be adjusted using **LINE IN GAIN** knob (digital command).

# 5.3. Recording state

The Sampler is recording.

The menu shows one option:

Display

**Knob/Button** 

## Below, **FREE FOR RECORDING** displays the time-space available.

The next rows display information about the recording:

Display	Knob/Button
RECORDING: recording number	
MONO_FILE or LEFT_FILE + RIGHT_FILE: recording file/s name/s	
LENGTH in seconds	

# 6. Live Sampler mode

Access to the **Live Sampler** by pressing  $\hat{U}$  + **LIVE SAMPLER** buttons together.

REC MONO/STEREO	LENGTH	190.2sec
• VOLUME 1.45 PLAY MODE FWD START POINT FIXED 0.00s STEP 131068samples	FEEDBAC	K 0.00%
* REG	MONO	
WINDOW 190.2sec		

Live sampler page

Acting as a Live Sampler, LILLA can record analog audio from AUDIO IN stereo input and <u>temporary</u> save data in a volatile PSRAM repository. This memory area is configured as a **virtual tape loop** and it is overwritten when full.

Live Sampler use a temporary (unsaved) Patch, made of 1 Sound when recording MONO, 2 Sounds (left and right channel) when recording STEREO; for STEREO recording, both Sounds have the same VCF settings.

On top, **LENGTH** displays a 190.2sec if the Live sampler is set to MONO, 95.1sec if Live Sampler is set to STEREO.

The menu shows the following options:

Display	Knob/Button
REC, STEREO/MONO	SELECT + click OK

#### Mono

Choosing MONO, the waveform window displays a mono signal obtained as (left + right)/2.

Pushing on LIVE L/MONO the display shows the parameters of the VCF associated to the Sound; pushing again the displays returns to Live Sampler page.

#### Stereo

Choosing STEREO, the waveform window displays the left channel incoming audio; pushing on LIVE L/MONO the display shows the parameters of the VCF associated to the Sounds; pushing again on the same button the display returns to Live Sampler page.

Pushing on LIVE R the display shows the right channel incoming audio; pushing again on the same button the parameters of the VCF associated to the Sounds.

Below, the page shows these elements:

Display	Knob/Button
VOLUME	VOLUME
FEEDBACK: feed the Live Sampler with a percentage of the LINE OUT signal	FEEDBACK
	PLAY MODE; for loop
PLAY MODE: FWD (forward), REV (reverse), loop FWD, loop FWD/REV	modes use <mark>LOOP WIDTH</mark>
	for adjusting the loop time.
START DOINT: position of the start playing point; can be aither EIVED to the	<mark>START-POINT</mark> ; toggle
START POINT. position of the start-playing point, can be either fixed to the	between FIXED and DELAY
virtual tape loop, of mobile with a certain DELAY from the recording point	by clicking on <mark>LOCK</mark>
STEP: samples for each step of START-POINT and LOOP WIDTH knobs	STEP

The waveform window shows the real-time memory content; fresh data is yellow, older data is red. Use **WINDOW** to adjust the width of the window; click on **FULL VIEW** for a complete view of the virtual tape loop.

# 7. Delay

Access to **Delay** settings by pressing  $\hat{1}$  + **DELAY** buttons together.

The Delay effect is enabled in Performance mode and Live Sampler mode (not available in Sampler mode, which is intended for offline activity).

#### **Delay for Performance mode**

In Performance mode, this is the Delay page displayed:



Delay for Performance page

RING TAPE DELAY	VOLUME 1.45
RESOLUTION 16.0bit LPF CUTOFF 20kHz	DOWNSAMPLING 44.100kHz
SOURCES RECORDED A	סוסנ
FEEDBACK 40.00%	VALUE 196.0ms VALUE L/R+1.00ms R
MOD SOURCE NONE MOD DEPTH 0.562	MOD FREQUENCY 1.60Hz MOD PHASE L/R 30deg

Delay for Live Sampler page

The first (upper) half of the page displays the same elements of the Performance page (**RESOLUTION**, **DOWNSAMPLING**, **LPF** -**CUTOFF**) described in §4.1.

**SOURCES** shows the Sounds routed (yellow color) or NOT routed (dark color) to the Delay effect; coming from Performance mode, Sounds are S1 (Sound1), S2 (Sound2), ...., S8 (Sound 8), and can be individually routed/not-

routed by pushing on the relative button; coming from Live Sampler mode, SOURCES is the recorded audio only and can be routed/not-routed by pushing on Live L/MONO or Live R.

The following parameters refer to Delay parameters:

Display	Knob/Button
FEEDBACK	<b>FEEDBACK</b>
<b>VALUE</b> : delay value (0.2ms $\rightarrow$ 5sec)	VALUE
<b>VALUE L/R</b> : delay difference between L channel Delay and R channel Delay (1ms $\rightarrow$ 10ms)	VALUE L/R
<b>MOD SOURCE</b> : modulation of delay value (NONE, LFO, SOURCE signal)	MOD SOURCE; click NONE for canceling delay value modulation
MOD FREQUENCY: LFO frequency	MOD FREQ
MOD DEPTH	MOD DEPTH
MOD PHASE L/R: phase difference between left LFO and right LFO	MOD PHASE L/R

All Delay parameters are saved after exit.

# 8. Mixer

Access to **Mixer** settings by pressing  $\hat{U}$  + **MIXER** buttons together.



Mixer page

For each Sound plus Audio In, the Mixer offers the possibility of adjusting parameters and routing the source to the outputs:

Display	Knob/Button
S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8, L IN (line IN): select the sound source	buttons S1 to S8 and LINE IN
MUTE	MUTE
GAIN	SOURCE GAIN
PAN	PAN
LOUT (LINE OUT): route the source to LINE OUT	
MONITOR: route the source to MONITOR	
VOLUME LINE OUT	VOLUME MAIN
VOLUME MONITOR	<b>VOLUME MONITOR</b>

Mixer setup is volatile; at startup all sources are routed to LINE OUT and MONITOR outputs, none of the sources are muted.

# 9. Midi Loop

MIDI LOOP	PATCH	0	VOLUME 1.45
RESOLUTION	16.0bi 20kHz	t	DOWNSAMPLING 44.100kHz
METRO TRACK SLIDE TRANSP LEVEL SOUND 1 2 3 4 5 6	1 0.00s 0st 1.0	10.82s 2 0.00s 0st 1.0	
7	40		

Access to Midi loop by pressing  $\hat{1}$  + **MIDI LOOP** buttons together.

Midi loop page

Midi loop allows to record midi notes sequencies, changing tempo, pitch, time position; it is made up of 6 tracks: a base track (TRACK 1) and 5 tracks (TRACK 2, TRACK 3, TRACK 4, TRACK 5, TRACK 6) locked to the base track.

Each track has 3 dedicated knobs/buttons:

Knob		Pushbutton	
<b>SLIDE</b>	notes time-shift from their original position	RESET	cancel time-shift
TRANSP	transpose all notes in the track by +/- 24 semitones	RECORD/DONE	start recording, terminate recording
LEVEL	adjust volume of the track	START/STOP	start/stop playing the track

Common commands:

Knob		Pushbutton	
TEMPO	adjust loop time (all tracks)	RESET	set the loop time to the original duration
		<b>ALL START/STOP</b>	start/stop playing all tracks

Midi loop uses the same Sounds of the Performance patch in use; recording is volatile and it's lost at switchoff.

On top, the Midi loop page shows the patch number and the main output volume:

Display	Knob/Button
<b>PATCH</b> : the Patch number $(0 \rightarrow 24)$	
VOLUME: the main volume	VOLUME

Next 3 lines show general effects (as described in §4.1).

Below, the display shows information and status of the 6 tracks:

Display	Knob/Button
<b>METRO</b> (metronome): just for reference, 4 green LEDs divide by 4 the loop time indicated on the right	ТЕМРО
TRACK: track number is displayed when the track contains notes	
SLIDE: notes time-shift from the original position	SLIDE
<b>TRANSP</b> : transpose track by +/- 24 semitones	NOTE
LEVEL: volume of the track	LEVEL

At the bottom of the display is LED matrix showing, for each track, which Sound is being played.

Access to **Setup** by pressing  $\hat{U}$  + **SETUP** buttons together.



Setup page

The Setup page displays the following elements; use **SELECT** knob for choosing the item, and **OK** to select:

Display	Knob/Button
FIRST OCTAVE: assign the preferred number from -2 to 0	VALUE
<b>OPTIMIZATION</b> : description at §1.7	VALUE
CONTROL CHANGE ASSIGNMENT	<b>OK</b> $\rightarrow$ dedicated page
IMPORT RAW FILES FROM /LILLARAW	<b>OK</b> $\rightarrow$ dedicate page
IMPORT CONFIGURATION FROM /LILLASET/lilla.txt	ОК
<b>EXPORT CONFIGURATION TO /LILLASET/lillaold.txt</b> : if lillaold.txt is present in SD, it will be substituted by a new file	ОК
FACTORY RESET: all setup, audio files and recordings are deleted	ОК

For importing the configuration, use your computer to rename a previously exported file **lillaold.txt** to **lilla.txt**.

## 10.1. Control Change assignment

CONTROL CHANGE ASSIGNMENT	
GAIN SOUND 1 -	
GAIN SOUND 2 -	
GAIN SOUND 3 -	
GAIN SOUND 4 -	
GAIN SOUND 5 -	
GAIN SOUND 6 -	
GAIN SOUND 7 -	
GAIN SOUND 8 -	
LPF CUTOFF -	

Control Change assignment page allows to set Control Change commands to adjust Sounds gain and Lowpass filter cutoff frequency; use **SELECT** and **VALUE** knobs for setting the Control Change commands; when finished, select RETURN and click **OK** to return to Setup page.

# 10.2. Import .raw files from micro SD card



This page allows to import **.raw** files from micro-SD card, directory **/LILLARAW**. Notice that audio files import requires the flash memory to be formatted: all audio files and recordings in LILLA are erased!

# **11. MIDI Monitor**



The MIDI Monitor simply displays the last MIDI message received.

# 12.1. Lowpass Filter

This is a 12dB/oct digital Low-pass filter, placed close to the end of the audio signal path;

# 12.2. Resolution

This filter affects the bits resolution internally used, and simulates a low-quality audio; the filter is embedded in each voice, and disabled if the Sound is "LOCK".

# 12.3. Downsampling

This filter affects the sampling rate of the signal, and simulates a low-quality audio; the filter is embedded in each voice, and disabled if the Sound is "LOCK".

# 12.4. Multimodal VCF

This filter is embedded in each of the 16 voices; all VCF parameters are set up when the NoteOn command is received ad a Sound is played. The following diagram shows the signal path and the available controls:



The virtual (digital) VCF filter is a multimodal (lowpass, highpass, bandpass, notch) 12dB/oct filter; the cutoff frequency displayed is relative to the root key, and varies depending on the pitch: *Cutoff frequency = Cutoff frequency displayed x pitch.* 

LFO waveform can be periodic (sinus) or aperiodic (rising curve, falling curve) triggered by the NoteOn command.

# 12.5. Delay

The (stereo) Delay effect is placed at the end of the audio path; the configuration is shown below. Delay value can be set with different values for left and right channels; this value can also be modulated by an LFO or the same incoming audio signal.

# *12.5.1.* Not modulated Delay



# 12.5.2. LFO modulated Delay

In this case there is a unique LFO (sinus waveform) coupled with a phaser.





Using Audacity, a 16bit/44.1Ksps mono file can easily be exported into .raw format.

From "File", choose "Audio Export..." then "Other uncompressed files" and in "Options" choose Header: "RAW (header-less)" and Coding: "Signed 16 bit PCM".

Nome file:	0	✓ Salva
Salva come:	Altri file non compressi	✓ Annulla
		Opzioni
		Specifica opzioni senza compressione
		- Imposta esportazione non compressa
		Intestazione: RAW (header-less)
		Codifica: Signed 16 bit PCM
		(Non tutte le combinazioni di intestazione e codifica sono possibi
		OK Annula

For naming, use the filename convention required <number>.raw (lowercase).

# 14. How to update LILLA firmware

Firmware update requires a computer with the Teensy Loader application installed:

- go to the Teensy Loader download page (https://www.pjrc.com/teensy/loader.html) and choose the right version for your operating system;
- run the Teensy Loader application;
- check that Operation/ Automatic mode is flegged/selected;



Download the last version of LILLA firmware (.zip compressed file) from https://www.lillasampler.it/firmware-lilla-2022/:

- uncompress the Lilla\_Rxxxx.bin file;
- click File/Open HEX File and select the Lilla\_Rxxxx.bin;
- connect LILLA using a **data-enabled** USB cable; switch on LILLA; using a thin stick, click the PRGM inner button: the new firmware will be uploaded and LILLA will restart.